

Safety data sheet According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Version number 1

Printing date 23.11.2024

Revision: 23.11.2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking
1.1 Product identifier
• Trade name: <u>102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE</u>
· Product group:
CERAMIC ADHESIVES
\cdot 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
· Product category Cement based ceramic adhesive
· <i>Application of the substance / the mixture</i> Powder additive
 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/Supplier:
· WERIMIT · OSB 2. Kısım 24. Cad.No:18 Dösemealtı · Antalya · TURKEY
· Phone: + 90 444 1 290
 Further information obtainable from: KGR - Kimyasal Güvenlik Riskleri Dan. Hiz. ve Tic. LTD. ŞTİ. 1.4 Emergency telephone number: +90 444 1 290 (On weekdays, during opening times)
SECTION 2: Hazards identification
• 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture • Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
GHS05 corrosion
Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
GHS07
Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.
Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation. (Contd. on page 2)



Printing date 23.11.2024

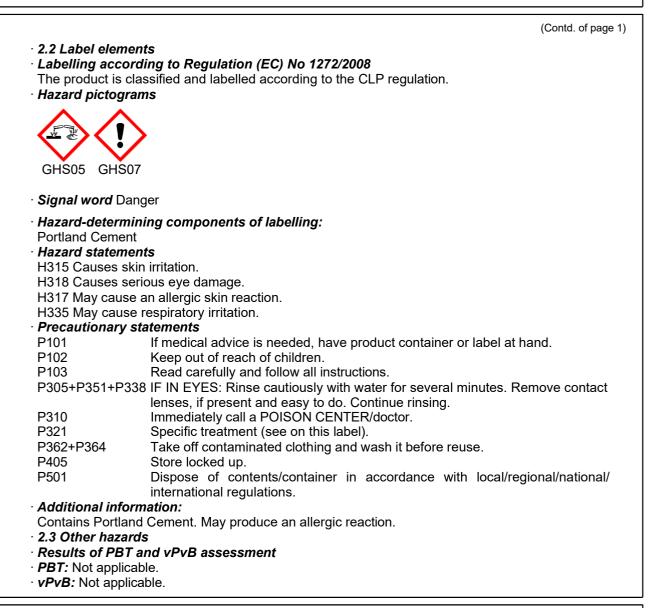
Safety data sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Version number 1

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:

CAS:65997-15-1 Portland Cement 25-50% EC no: 266-043-4 See Dam. 1, H318; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; STOT SE 3, H335

• Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

• 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Do not give something by mouth to the affected person.

In case of doubt or symptoms occurring, consult to the doctor.

(Contd. on page 3)

EU



According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 23.11.2024

Version number 1

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

 least 48 hours after the accident. After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor. In case of unconsciousness place patient state. After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rin If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under rin Remove contact lenses. After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	aly in side position for transportation. ase thoroughly. The product. unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. Inmediately. Fr. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
 least 48 hours after the accident. After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor. In case of unconsciousness place patient state. After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rir If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under r Remove contact lenses. After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substat Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	r. Ily in side position for transportation. Ise thoroughly. Ine product. Inning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. Inmediately. Ir. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
 After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a docto In case of unconsciousness place patient state After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rin If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under reamove contact lenses. After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substat Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	aly in side position for transportation. ase thoroughly. The product. unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. Inmediately. Fr. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a docto In case of unconsciousness place patient stat • After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rir If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with th • After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under r Remove contact lenses. • After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substat Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	aly in side position for transportation. ase thoroughly. The product. unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. Inmediately. Fr. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
In case of unconsciousness place patient state • After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rin If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the • After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under reactions • After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water A person vomiting while laying on their back se • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical atter Never give anything to the unconscious person If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, con Treat symptometically. • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	aly in side position for transportation. ase thoroughly. The product. unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. Inmediately. Fr. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
 After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rin If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under re Remove contact lenses. After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back se 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, con Treat symptometically. 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	ase thoroughly. The product. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. Inmediately. Tr. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
Immediately wash with water and soap and rin If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under re- Remove contact lenses. After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water A person vomiting while laying on their back se 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attr Never give anything to the unconscious person If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of any immediate medical attr Never give anything to the unconscious person If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of any immediate medical attr Never give anything to the unconscious person If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of any immediate medical attr SECTION 5: Firefighting media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fireses 5.1 Extinguishing media Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	ne product. unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. nmediately. r. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under re- Remove contact lenses. After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	ne product. unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. nmediately. r. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
Immediately remove any clothing soiled with the After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under reference contact lenses. • After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, con Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. nmediately. r. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
 After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under r Remove contact lenses. After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cord Treat symptometically. 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	unning water. Then consult a doctor. by mouth. nmediately. r. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
Rinse opened eye for several minutes under r Remove contact lenses. • After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	by mouth. nmediately. r. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
Remove contact lenses. • After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	by mouth. nmediately. r. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
 After swallowing: Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	nmediately. er. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
Never give to the unconscious victim anything Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	nmediately. er. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help in Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of wate A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, con Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	nmediately. er. hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
A person vomiting while laying on their back s • 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	hould be turned onto their side. both acute and delayed ention and special treatment needed n. entering the lungs.
 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	<i>both acute and delayed</i> ention and special treatment needed າ. entering the lungs.
No further relevant information available. • 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	ention and special treatment needed
 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical att Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, con Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	n. entering the lungs.
Never give anything to the unconscious perso If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in th In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	n. entering the lungs.
If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	entering the lungs.
If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	
In case of doubt and symptoms occurring, cor Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	
Treat symptometically. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures • 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires • 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	
 SECTION 5: Firefighting measures 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	
 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	
 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	
 Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	
 Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substate Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide 	
• 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	
Do not inhale combustion products. During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	
During fire conditions, harmful gases are prod Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	nnce or mixture
Can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	
Dust should not be allowed to accumulate in the In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	uced.
In case of fire, the following can be released: Calcium oxide	
Calcium oxide	ne environment.
-	
• 5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Protective equipment: Wear self contained respiratory protective down	ioo
Wear self-contained respiratory protective dev Wear fully protective suit.	
Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion	2222
· Additional information	90000.
	phting water in accordance with official regulations.
Collect contaminated fire fighting water separa	
Do not inhale combustion products.	
Cool endangered receptacles with water spray	Ι.
If there is a safe way to remove the containers	
Dust concentration in the air should be kept b	
	elow exposure limits.
SECTION 6: Accidental release mea	elow exposure limits.

• 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation

(Contd. on page 4)



According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 23.11.2024

Version number 1

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

(Contd. of page 3)
 Avoid formation of dust. Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and cloths 6.2 Environmental precautions: Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water. 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Pick up mechanically. Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles. Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13. Ensure adequate ventilation. 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage
 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Thorough dedusting. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Prevent formation of dust. Provide suction extractors if dust is formed. Use appropriate industrial vacuum cleaners or central vacuum systems for dust removal. In order to eliminate the risk of explosion, prevent formation of dust on top of the surfaces. Do not breathe the formed dust, do not let dust to contact with skin, eyes and clothing. In case of formation of dust, take necessary precautions to prevent static electricity formation. Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Do not use pressurized air to empty containers. Information about fire - and explosion protection: No special measures required.
 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage: Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location. Store only in the original receptacle. Information about storage in one common storage facility: Do not store together with heat sources, open flame or ignition sources. Do not store together with incompitable materials. Store away from food material and animal feed. Store away from dust sensitive materials. Store away from dust sensitive materials. Store away from water. Further information about storage conditions: Keep container tightly sealed. Store receptacle in a well ventilated area. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles. Protect from humidity and water. 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 6: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

(Contd. on page 5)



According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 23.11.2024

Antistatic shoes

Version number 1

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

(Contd. of page 4) · Additional information: Exposure limit for dust: 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m3 (total dust) The lists valid during the making were used as basis. · 8.2 Exposure controls · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see section 7. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment General protective and hygienic measures: Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Keep the working environment clean and tidy. Ensure that eye wash stations are available at the work place. Provide good ventilation. Respiratory protection: In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device. Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation. Hand protection Protective gloves The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The gloves should comply to EN374 Penetration time of glove material The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed. Penetration time > 480 min. Eye/face protection Tightly sealed goggles · Body protection: Chemical resistant protective clothing

(Contd. on page 6)



Printing date 23.11.2024

Safety data sheet According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Version number 1

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

(Contd. of page 5)

Page 6/10

0.4 Information on basis abusisal and shares	and proportion
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemi General Information	cal properties
Physical state	Solid
Colour:	Whitish
Odour:	Odourless
Odour threshold:	Not determined.
Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	Undetermined.
boiling range	Undetermined.
Flammability	Not determined.
Lower and upper explosion limit	Not determined.
Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.
• •	
Flash point:	Not applicable. Not determined.
Decomposition temperature: pH at 20 °C	12
Viscosity:	12
Viscosity: Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable
Dynamic:	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Solubility	
water:	Fully miscible.
wals,	Soluble.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log	Soluble.
value)	Not determined.
Vapour pressure:	Not applicable.
Density and/or relative density	
Density:	Not determined.
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Particle characteristics	See section 3.
9.2 Other information	
Appearance:	D evelo
Form:	Powder
Important information on protection of health	n
and environment, and on safety.	Draduat is not colfigniting
Ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
Change in condition Evaporation rate	Natannliaghla
	Not applicable.
Information with regard to physical hazard	
classes	
Explosives	Void
Flammable gases	Void
Aerosols	Void
Oxidising gases	Void
Gases under pressure	Void
Flammable liquids	Void
Flammable solids	Void
Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void
Pyrophoric liquids	Void
Pyrophoric solids	Void
Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void
Substances and mixtures, which emit	
flammable gases in contact with water	Void
Oxidising liquids	Void



According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Version number 1

Printing date 23.11.2024

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

		(Contd. of page 6)
· Oxidising solids	Void	
· Organic peroxides	Void	
· Corrosive to metals	Void	
 Desensitised explosives 	Void	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability

• Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: Unstable in contact with acids.

• 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.

• 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.

• **10.5** *Incompatible materials:* No further relevant information available.

• 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Irritant gases/vapours

Possible in traces.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

 \cdot 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

· Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

65997-15-1 Cement, portland, chemicals

Dermal LD50 >2000 mg/kg (rabbit)

9004-62-0 hecellose

Oral LD50 >2000 mg/kg (rat)

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

· Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

• Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

• Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

• STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

• STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· Aquatic to	-	
9004-62-0	hecellose	
EC50	>1000 mg/l (bacteria)	
EC50/48h	>100 mg/l (daphnia)	
EC50/72h	>100 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
LC50/96h	>500 mg/l (danio rerio)	
12.3 Bioad	stence and degradability No further relevant information available. ccumulative potential No further relevant information available. lity in soil No further relevant information available.	
		(Contribution many

(Contd. on page 8)

EU





According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Version number 1

Printing date 23.11.2024

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

(Contd. of page 7)

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties
- The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · 12.7 Other adverse effects When reacted with large amounts of water, the pH value increases.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · *Recommendation:* Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- *Recommended cleansing agents:* Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.1 UN number or ID number	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
 14.2 UN proper shipping name 	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 	
· ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	
Class	Void
· 14.4 Packing group	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
 14.6 Special precautions for user 	Not applicable.
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according	to
IMO instruments	Not applicable.
· UN "Model Regulation":	Void

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

• 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

(Contd. on page 9)



Printing date 23.11.2024

Safety data sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Version number 1

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

	(Contd of page
· Hazard pictog	(Contd. of page
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
GHS05 GHS	07
• <b>Signal word</b> D	anger
	nining components of labelling:
Portland Ceme	
<ul> <li>Hazard statem H315 Causes s</li> </ul>	
	serious eye damage.
	se an allergic skin reaction.
	se respiratory irritation.
Precautionary	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.
P305+P351+P	338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
D040	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 P321	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321 P362+P364	Specific treatment (see on this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/
	international regulations.
Directive 2012	2/18/EU
Named dange	rous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
	011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances i electronic equipment – Annex II
	predients is listed.
-	I (EU) 2019/1148
	STRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of
	er Article 5(3))
None of the ing	predients is listed.
Annov II DEC	PORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS
Annex II - KEF	redients is listed
None of the ing	
None of the ing Regulation (E	C) No 273/2004 on drug precursors
None of the ing • <i>Regulation (E</i> None of the ing	C) No 273/2004 on drug precursors gredients is listed.
None of the ing • <i>Regulation (E</i> None of the ing • <i>Regulation (E</i>	C) No 273/2004 on drug precursors gredients is listed.
None of the ing • Regulation (E None of the ing • Regulation (E Community and	C) No 273/2004 on drug precursors gredients is listed. C) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product. This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property. The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

(Contd. on page 10)



Page 10/10

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Printing date 23.11.2024

Version number 1

Revision: 23.11.2024

Trade name: 102 POWERMIT-EXTRA: SUPER CERAMIC ADHESIVE EXTRA C1TE

(Contd. of page 9)

